THE BOOK OF JANES

Notes by Donald Townsley

The Book of James

Donald Townsley

I. TO WHOM WAS IT WRITTEN?

- **1.** The book of James is called a "General Epistle".
 - **a.** It was <u>not</u> written to a congregation or Individual in some <u>particular locality</u>.
 - **b.** It <u>was</u> written for the benefit of Christians wherever they might be in <u>all of the world</u>.
- 2. James addresses the letter "to the twelve tribes which are scattered abroad" (James 1:1).
 - a. The apostles are <u>now</u> judging the twelve tribes of Israel" (Matt. 19:28).
 - **b.** Rom. 2: 28 29; Col. 2: 11 12
 - **c.** Phil. 3:3
 - **d.** Gal. 6: 15 16

II. THE AUTHOR

- **1.** The writer identifies himself as "James, a servant of God and of the Lord Jesus Christ" (James 1:1).
- 2. In the New Testament there were five men by the name of James:
 - **a.** James "the son of Zebedee and John his brother", Jesus called them (Matt. 4:21; Matt. 10: 2).
 - i. James was killed by Herod Agrippa I early in the history of the church (Acts 12:2).
 - **b.** Another disciple had the name "James" (Matt. 10:3); he was the son of Alphaeus.

- c. There was "James the less" (Mark 15:40).
- d. Judas, brother of James (Acts 1:13; Luke 6:16; Mark 3:18) (Thaddaeus).
- e. There was James the brother of Jesus (Matt. 13:55).
 - i. He was a prominent leader in the church in Jerusalem (Acts 12:17; 15:13; Gal. 1:9, 18 19).
 - ii. He seems to be the James that wrote the book.

III. THE DATE OF THE BOOK

- **1.** Josephus fixed the death of James about 62 A.D.
- **2.** It was written between 45 A.D. and 62 A.D.
- **3.** Some say from 45 A.D. to 50 A.D.

IV. WHERE WAS IT WRITTEN?

1. Since James was a native of Palestine, and for so long was linked with Jerusalem, this would appear to be the place it was written.

V. THE CONTENTS AND CHARACTER OF THE LETTER

- 1. The general **THEME** of the letter is "*pure and undefiled*", in contrast with "*vain religion*" (James 1:20 27).
- **2.** Vain religion does not accomplish its purpose.
- **3.** In studying the book notice the things that go to make up "*pure and undefiled religion*", and the things that will make our religion vain.

VI. THE CHARACTERISTICS OF PURE AND UNDEFILED RELIGION

- **a.** Joy and Patience in the midst of trials (James 1: 2 4).
- **b.** Unwavering Faith and Singleness of Mind (1: 5 8).
- c. Acceptance of the Providential allotments of life and Contentment with them (1:9 11).
- **d.** The recognition of the **Sources of Temptation** and the **Consequences of Yielding to Temptation** (1:13 15).
- **e.** Recognize the **Divine Source of all Blessings** (1: 16 18).
- **f.** When to be **Quick** and when to be **Slow** (1:19 20).
- **g.** Preparing the Heart to be taught (1:21).
- **h.** Hearing and Doing (1: 22 25).
- i. The practice of **Generosity** and **Benevolence** toward others, and **Purity in Life** (1:27).
- j. The Works of Faith (2: 18).

VII. THE MARKS OF VAIN RELIGION

- **a. Carelessness** and **Forgetful Hearing** of the word of God (James 1: 22 24).
- b. Religion made vain by an Unbridled Tongue (James 1:26).
- c. Respect of Persons toward brethren.
 - i. Honoring the rich and despising the poor (James 2: 1- 9; I Sam. 16:7).
- d. Partial Obedience to the Law (James 2: 10 12).
 - i. No selective obedience.
- e. An Unmerciful Disposition toward others make our religion vain (2:13).

- **f.** A Mere Profession of Faith makes religion vain (2: 14 20)
- g. The Failure to Control Our Tongue makes our religion vain (James 3: 1 8).
- h. Blessings and Cursing out of the Same Mouth; Hypocrisy is evidenced and religion is vain (3: 9 12).
- Envy, Strife, and Following the Wisdom which is Earthly, Sensual and Devilish which emanates from Satan, makes our religion vain (3: 14 16).
- **j.** When we give ourselves to **Discontent** and to **Unholy Passions** our religion is vain (4: 1- 2).
- **k.** Unanswered prayer because of our **Lustful Desires** and our **Selfish Attitudes**, and **Worldliness** in our lives shows our religion is vain (4: 3-4).
- **I.** Pride in our hearts will make our religion vain (4:5 9).
- **m.** Speaking Evil of Others makes our religion vain (4: 11 12).
- n. Presumption in arrangements of future business; Leaving God
 Out of our plans makes our religion vain (4: 13 16).
- **o.** When we **Neglect to Do What We Know is Right** our religion is vain (4:17).

VIII. WARNINGS, EXHORTATIONS AND INSTRUCTION

- **a.** Warning to those who put **Trust in Riches** of this earth (5:1-6).
 - i. He warns them of Eternal Condemnation (5:1).
 - ii. "Your riches are corrupted, and your garments are motheaten" (James 5:2; Matt. 6:19).
 - iii. These will testify against them in the Judgment.
- b. Their Sins (5: 4 6)
 - i. Unjust to laborers (5:4).
 - ii. They Lived in Luxury and Self-indulgence (5:5).
 - iii. Condemned and Killed the Just (5:6).

- **1.** The rich controlled the courts.
- c. Exhortations (5:7 8)
 - **i.** Be **Patient** (5: 7 − 8)
- d. Instruction
 - i. "Do not grumble against one another, brothers" (5:9).
 - ii. Follow the example of the Prophets and Job in patient endurance (5: 10 11)
 - iii. Warnings against Swearing (5:12; Matt. 5: 34 37; Col. 4:6).

IX. CLOSING

- a. James closes the letter with a Final Exhortation and Instruction respecting Prayer.
 - i. Pray in Time of Trouble and for the Sick (James 5: 13 15).
 - ii. Confession of Faults and Intercessory Prayer One for Another (James 5:16).
 - iii. Effectual prayer, illustrated in the case of Elijah (James 5: 16 18).
 - iv. The Duty of Winning Souls and turning them the error of their way in order to Cover a Multitude of Sins (James 5: 19 20).